

☺ Have you heard of If clauses or Conditional clauses? In some cases, they are divided into type 0, type 1, type 2, type 3 ... The difference between these types is time.

Spoznali bomo pogojne odvisnike oziroma if stavke. Danes si bomo pogledali Type 0.



Oblikuj zapis v zvezek. Prepiši po NAJMANJ en primer povedi, ostale so za lažje razumevanje:

IF CLAUSES TYPE 0 (pogojni odvisniki tipa 0)

Včasih je pričakovano dejanje odvisno od nekega pogoja (*If you hurry ... If you come ...*). Takim povedim rečemo pogojni odvisniki. Uporabimo jih, ko nekaj pogojujemo oziroma je odvisno od drugega dogodka.

Pogojne povedi sestavljata **dva dela**.

Eden od njiju se začne z 'if' in mu rečemo 'odvisni' ali 'if stavek'.

Drugi je **glavni stavek**, ki govori o posledici ali rezultatu.

V obeh delih je prisoten glagol.

Pomembno je razumeti razliko med vrstami if stavkov in poznati pravila, kako jih sestavljamo.

Torej:

If stavek (pogojni odvisnik/CONDITIONAL CLAUSE) + glavni stavek (posledica/MAIN CLAUSE)

Pri pogojnih odvisnikih Type 0 sta **oba časa Present Simple**:

vrsta Type	pogojni stavek If Clause (condition)	glavni stavek Main Clause
Type 0	If + Present Simple (osebek + glagol)	Present Simple (osebek + glagol)

Ni pomembno, kateri stavek (pogojni ali glavni) je na začetku povedi.

Ob tem ne spreglej: **če se poved začne z 'if', morata biti stavka ločena z vejico**. Glej primer:

- *If it rains, the ground gets wet. / The ground gets wet if it rains.*

Če je if stavek v 2. delu, vejice ni.

- *If you mix yellow and blue, you get green. / You get green if you mix yellow and blue.*
- *If you are tired, you go to bed early. / You go to bed early if you are tired.*

Pri pogojnih odvisnikih tipa 0 lahko 'if' nadomestiš z 'when/whenever', saj oba izražata splošno resnico. Pomen povedi se s tem ne spremeni:

- *If you **press** the button, the TV **turns** on.* / ***Whenever** you **press** the button, the TV **turns** on.*
- *If you **have** problems, **talk** to your doctor.* / ***When** you **have** problems, **talk** to your doctor.*

Uporaba:

Type 0 is used when talking about our habits, our typical behaviours, explanations, guidelines, advice, instructions, general truths and scientific facts.

Svojim učencem rada to ponazorim tudi v %. Type 0 je 100% - vedno velja, v vsakem primeru se izpolni.

Primer:

- *If water **reaches** 100 degrees, it **boils**.* (It is always true, there can't be a different result)
- *If I **eat** peanuts, I **am** sick.* (This is true only for me, not for everyone, but it's still true that I'm sick every time I eat peanuts)

Here are some more examples:

- *If you **pour** oil on water, it **floats**.*
- *If you **leave** the object, it **drops**.*
- *If you **eat** too much, you **get** fat.*
- ***When** I **listen** to loud music, I always **have** a headache.*
- *If you **boil** water, it **evaporates**.*
- *If you **throw** salt to the water, it **boils** later.*
- *If you **smoke**, you **get** old early.*
- ***Whenever** I **cry**, I **have** a headache.*

Ponovimo:

Vrstni red stavkov lahko spreminjamo brez vpliva na pomen. Pri tipu 0 lahko 'if' nadomestimo z 'when/whenever':

- *If you **heat** ice, it **melts**.*
- *Ice **melts** if you **heat** it.*
- ***When** you **heat** ice, it **melts**.*
- *Ice **melts** **when** you **heat** it.*

Type 0 lahko uporabljamo tudi za dajanje navodil, pri čemer v glavnem stavku uporabimo velelnik (v angleščini torej ni osebka):

- *If Bill **phones**, **tell** him to meet me at the cinema.*
- *Ask Pete if you're not sure what to do.*
- *If you **want** to come, **call** me before 5:00.*
- *Meet me here if we **get** separated.*

DANES ZAPISKOV NI TREBA ODDAJATI.

Go to xooltime and do the short exercise there to show that you understand the topic.

V xooltime te čaka še kratko preverjanje.